# **BITSAT 2012 Question Paper with Solution**

Birla Institute of Technology and Science Admission Test (BITSAT)

# **BITSAT : SOLVED PAPER 2012**

# (memory based)

#### INSTRUCTIONS

This question paper contains total ۞� questions divided into four parts Part シ Physics Q No ② to Part シ > hemistry Q No ③ to Part シ Mathematics Q No ③ to ② � Part シ V 到序 嘒 nglish Proficien cy Q No ③ to ③ 序 ogical Reasoning Q No ③ to ③�

- $\cdot$  꾀II questions are multiple choice questions with four options only one of them is
  - 쟼ach correct answer awarded 🏾 marks and –🏠 for each incorrect answer
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## PART - I : PHYSICS

1. What is the moment of inertia of a solid sphere of density r and radius R about its diameter?

(a <sup>)</sup>	105 R5 f	(8)	105 R2 f
(c)	176 <sub>R5</sub> 105		176 105 <sup>R</sup>

2. A body moves with uniform acceleration, then which of the following graph is correct ?



3. A projectile can have the same range R for two angles of projection. If t 1 and t2 be the times of flight in two cases, then what is the product of two times of flight?

(a)	ttµ R	(b)	t1t2µ R <sup>2</sup> ttµ 1/R2
	tţįį1/R	(d)	ttµ 1/R2

- 4. A horizontal overhead powerline is at height of 4m from the ground and carries a current of 100A from east to west. The magnetic field directly below it on the ground is ( $n_0 = 4\Omega \ 10 \ T_m^2 \ A$ ) <sup>-1</sup>
  - (a)  $2.5 \times 10 7$  T southward
  - (b)  $5 \times 10-6$  T northward

- (c)  $5 \times 10-6$  T southward
- (d)  $2.5 \times 10-7$  T northward
- 5. A man of mass 100 kg. is standing on a platform of mass 200 kg. which is kept on a smooth ice surface. If the man starts moving on the platform with a speed 30 m/sec relative to the platform then calculate with what velocity relative to the ice the platform will recoil?
  - (a) 5 m/sec (b) 10
  - (c) 15 m/sec (d) m/sec
- 6. If the unit of force and lengtl20e each increased by four times, then the mn/intecof energy is increased by
  - (a) 16 times (b) 8 times
  - (c) 2 times (d) 4 times
- Which of the following must be known in order to determine the power output of an automobile?

   (a) Final velocity and height
   (b)Mass and amount of work performed
   (c)rce exerted and distance of motion
   (d)Work performed and elapsed time of work

   If the force is given by F = at + bt2 with t as time.
  - The dimensions of a and b are (a) [MLT-4] and [MLT-2]
  - (b)[MLT-3] and [MLT-4]
  - (c) [ML2T-3] and [ML2T-2]
  - (d)[ML2T-3] and [ML3T-4]

 A wheel of radius R rolls on the ground with a 15. uniform velocity v. The relative acceleration of topmost point of the wheel with respect to the bottom most point is



10. If the radius of the earth were to shrink by one per cent, its mass remaining the same, the value

- of g on the earth's surface would
- (a) increase by 0.5% (b) increase by 2%
- (c) decrease by 0.5%(d) decrease by 2%
- 11. The Young's modulus of a perfectly rigid body is

  - (a) unity (b) zero (c) infinity (d) some finite non-zero constant
- 12. An ice block floats in a liquid whose density is less than water. A part of block is outside the liquid. When whole of ice has melted, the liquid level will
  - (a) rise
  - (b) go down
  - (c) remain same
  - (d) first rise then go down
- 13. A large drop of oil (density 0.8 g/cm3 and viscosity h0) floats up through a column of another liquid (density 1.2 g/cm3 and viscosity h Assuming that the two liquids do not mix, the velocity with which the oil drop rises will depend on :
  - (a) ho only
  - (c) hoth on b 0 and bl
- A solid body of constant heat capacity 1 J/°C is 14. being heated by keeping it in contact with
  - reservoirs in two ways :
  - (i) Sequentially keeping in contact with 2 reservoirs such that each reservoir supplies same amount of heat.
  - Sequentially keeping in contact with 8 reservoirs such that each reservoir supplies same amount of heat.

In both the cases body is brought from initial temperature 100°C to final temperature 200°C. Entropy change of the body in the two cases respectively is :

- (a) *ln2*, *2ln2* (b) *2ln2*, *8ln2*
- (c) *ln2*, 4*ln2* (d) *ln2*, *ln2*

15. Which of the following process is possible according to the first law of thermodynamics? (a)W > 0, Q < 0 and dU = 0 (b)W > 0, Q < 0 and dU > 0 (c)W > 0, Q < 0 and dU < 0 (d)W < 0, Q > 0 and dU < 0 For an isothermal expansion of a perfect gas, 16. the</li>

**D**1/

alue of 
$$\frac{1}{P}$$
 is equal to

DP .

(a) 
$$-g1/2\frac{DV}{V}$$
 (b)  $\frac{DV}{V}_{g2}$   
(c)  $-g\frac{DV}{V}$   $\frac{DV}{V}$ 

17. A sample of ideal monoatomic gas is taken round the cycle ABCA as shown in the figure. The work done during the cycle is



temperature is 0.048 eV. The translational kinetic energy of N<sup>2</sup> (molar mass 28) molecules in eV at the same temperature is

(a) 0.0015(b) 0.003 (c) 0.048 (d) 0.768 For a gas if ratio of specific heats at constant pressure and volume is g then value of degrees of freedom is

(a) 
$$\frac{3g-1}{2g-1}$$
 (b)  $\frac{2}{g-1}$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{9}{2}(g-1)$$
  $\frac{25}{2}(g-1)$ 

- 20. One end of a long metallic wire of length L tied to the ceiling. The other end is tied with a massless spring of spring constant K. A mass hangs freely from the free end of the spring. The area of cross section and the young's modulus of the wire are A and Y respectively. If the mass slightly pulled down and released, it will oscillate with a time period T equal to :
  - (a)  $2P\sqrt{(m/K)}$
  - (b) 2p<sub>v</sub>/m(YA+KL)/(YAK)
  - (c) 2p (mYA/KL)
  - (d)  $2p\sqrt{(mL/YA)}$

=e -(ax2+bt2+2abxt) a string is given by y(t)This represents a

a) wave moving in – x direction, speed 
$$\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$$

\_

 $\sqrt{h}$ 

standing wave of frequency (c)

lα (d) wave moving in + x direction, speed  $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$ 

22. A sound souorce is moving towards stationary listener with  $\frac{1}{10}$  th of the speed of sound. The

ratio of apparent to read frequency is

- 23. In a region of space having a uniform electric field E, a hemispherical bowl of radius r is placed. The electric flux f through the bowl is (a) 2pRE (b) 4pR2E (c) 2pR2E (d) pR2E
- 24. The electric field intensity just sufficient to balance the earth's gravitational attraction on an 31. electron will be: (given mass and charge of an electron respectively are 9.1 × 10-31 kg and 1.6 × 10-19 C.)
  - 32. (a)  $-5.6 \times 10 - 11$  N/C (b)  $-4.8 \times 10 - 15$  N / C
  - (c) -1.6 × 10-19 N/C (d) -3.2 × 10-19 N / C
- 25. Two d Desite charged to 120 V and 200 V respectively. It is found that by connecting them together the potential on each one can be made zero. Then

(a) 
$$5C \quad \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}62 = 0$$
 (b)  $\frac{3}{2}61 = 452^2$   
(c)  $3C$ 

26. Three voltmeters A, B and C having resistances R, 1.5 R and 3R, respectively, are connected as shown. When some potential difference is applied between X and Y, the voltmeter readings are VA, VB and VC respectively. Then -



- 21. The transverse displacement y(x, t) of a wave on 27. The range of the particle when launched at an angle of 15° with the horizontal is 1.5 km. What is the range of the projectile when launched at an angle of 45° to the horizontal.
  - (a) kinfolking.(165 kist Ofkim (c) magnetic moment and B is the magnetic field, then the torque is given 28. bv

- 29. Magnetic moment of bar magnet is M. The work done to turn the magnet by 90° of magnet in direction of magnetic field B will be
  - <sup>1</sup>MB (a) zero
  - (c) 2 MB (d)MB
- 30. The laws of electromagnetic induction have been used in the construction of a
  - (a) galvanometer (b) voltmeter
  - (d) generator (c) electric motor
  - The impedance of a circuit consists of 3W resistance and 4W reactance. The power factor of the circuit is
  - (d) 1.0 (a) 0.4 (b) 0.6 (c) 0.8 The r.m.s. value of potential difference V shown in the figure is



 A ray of light is incident at the glass-water interface at an angle i, it emerges finally parallel to the surface of water, then the value of mg would



- 34. A mica slit of thickness t and refractive index µ is IntByduced in the ray from the first source S how much distance of fringes pattern will be 41. displaced?
  - $\frac{D}{4}$  (m 1)t (a)  $\frac{0}{10}$  (m-1)t D (d) +(m-1)
- 35. In a Young's double slit experiment the angular width of a fringe formed on a distant screen is  $1^{\circ}$ . 43. The wavelength fo the light used is 6280 Å. What is the distance between the two coherent sources? (a) 0.036 mm (b)0.12 mm
  - (c) 6 mm (d)4 mm
- 36. A light having wavelength 300 nm fall on a metal surface. The work function of metal is 2.54 eV. what is stopping potential?
  - (a) 2.3 V (b)2.59 V(c) 1.59 V(d)1.29 V
- 37. If the total binding energies of  $\frac{2}{4}$  H.  $\frac{4}{2}$ He.

<sup>56</sup>Fe&2**3**2U nuclei are 2.22, 28.3, 492 and 1786 MeV respectively, identify the most stable nucleus of the following.

(a) 
$$56$$
 (b)  $2H$  (c)  $235$  ) 4

- 26Fe 92U(d 38. An oscillator is nothing but an amplifer with
  - (a) positive feedback
  - (b) negative feedback
  - (c) large gain
  - (d) no feedback
- 39. In an experiment on photoelectric effect photons of wavelength 300 nm eject electrons from a metal of work function 2.25eV. A photon of energy equal to that of the most energetic electron corresponds to the following transition in the hydrogen atom:
  - (a) n = 2 to n = 1 state
  - (b) n = 3 to n = 1 state
  - (c) n = 3 to n = 2 state
  - (d) n = 4 to n = 3 state
- 40. A letter 'A' is constructed of a uniform wire with resistance 1.0 W per cm. The sides of the letter 47. are 20 cm and the cross piece in the middle is 10 cm long. The apex angle is 60. The resistance between the ends of the legs is close 榜: 50.0 W(b)10 W (c) 36.7 W(d)26.7 W

## PART - II : CHEMISTRY

- Number of atoms of He in 100 amu of He (atomic wt. of He is 4) are :
  - (a) 25 (b) 100
  - (d) 100 × 6 × 10-23 (c) 50
- 42. If the radius of H is 0.53 Å, then what will be the radius of Li2+ ?
  - (a) 0.17 Å (b) 0.36 Å
  - (c) 0.53 Å (d) 0.59 Å

Which of the following does not have valence electron in 3d-subshell?

- (a) Fe (III) (b)Mn (II)
- (c) Cr (I) (d) P(0)

44. The vapour pressure of



due to

- (a) Dipole moment
- (b) Dipole- dipole interaction
- (c) H bonding
- (d) Lattice structure
- An ideal gas can't be liquefied because 45.
  - (a) its critical temperature is always above 0°C
  - (b) its molecules are relatively smaller in size
  - (c) it solidifies before becoming a liquid
  - (d) forces operated between its molecules are negligible
- In which of the following reactions, standard 46. entropy change (DS°) is positive and standard Gibb's energy change (DG°) decreases sharply with increasing temperature ?

(a)C (graphite) + 
$$O2\frac{1}{2}$$
)  $\circ$  CO(g)  
(b)CO(g) +  $O2\frac{1}{2}$   $\circ$  CO(g) 2  
(c)Mg(s) +  $O2\frac{1}{2}$   $\circ$  MgO(s)

(d) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 C (graphite) +  $\frac{1}{2}$  (g)  $^{\circ}$  CO( $\frac{1}{2}$  2

- Bond enthalpies of H2, X2 and HX are in the ratio 2:1:2. If enthalpy of formation of HX is -50 kJ mol-1, the bond enthalpy of X<sub>2 is</sub>
  - (a) 100 kJ mol-1 (b) 300 kJ mol-1 (c) 200 kJ mol-1 (d) 400 kJ mol-1

- 48. The pOH value of a solution whose hydroxide ion concentration is 6.2 × 10–9 mol/litre is
  (a) 8.21 (b) 6.21 (c) 7.75 (d) 7.21
- 49. Which of the following combinations would not result in the formation of a buffer solution?
  (a) NH 3 + HCl
  (b) NH4Cl + NH3
  (c) CH 3COOH + NACl(d) 2+Cl27474 SO2Cl2765
  (c) CH 3COOH + NACl(d) 2+Cl27474 SO2Cl2765
  (c) CH 3COOH + NACl(d) 2+Cl27474 SO2Cl2765

50. Tilma redictionard, Socto the container, the volume exontaining the savensible high the following is/ Cl are true? 56. container. Now a certain quantity of extra SO

- (a) The pressure inside the container will not ch a n ge.
- (b) The temperature will not change.
- (c) The temperature will increase.
- (d) The temperature will decrease.

51. In the reaction

3Br<sub>2</sub> + 6CO<sub>3</sub>- + 3HQ ® 5Br- + BrO<sub>3</sub> + 6HCO -

- (a) Bromine is oxidised and carbonate is r edu ced.
- (b) Bromine is reduced and water is oxidised.
- (c) Bromine is neither reduced nor oxidised.
- (d) Bromine is both reduced and oxidised.
- 52. The boiling point of water is exceptionally high because
  - (a) there is a covalent bond between H and O.
  - (b) water molecule is linear.
  - (c) water molecules associate due to hydrogen bonding.
  - (d) water molecule is not linear.
- 53. Which of the following has correct increasing basic strength?
  - (a) MgO < BeO < CaO < BaO (b)BeO < MgO < CaO < BaO
  - (c) BaO < CaO < MgO < BeO (d)CaO < BaO < BeO < MgO
- 54. The following two compounds are



(a) enantiomers	(b) diastereomers
(c) identical	(d) epimers

55. In paper chromatography :

- (a) Mobile phase is liquid and stationary phase is solid.
- (b)Mobile phase is solid and stationary phase is liquid.
- (c) (dBoth phases are liquids.
- In which abases an osolids.

posi ti on

57.

2 will attack at the meta



3 CH2 CHO

and CH  $CH_3$ 

- (a) CH 3CH2CH = C  $CH_3$
- (b) СНЗСН2СН=СНСН2СН3
- (c) CH
- (d) CH3 C EHCH3 | CH <sub>3</sub>
- 58. Formation of ozone in the upper atmosphere from oxygen takes place by the action of
  - (a) Nitrogen oxides (b) Ultraviolet rays
  - (c) Cosmic rays (d) Free radicals
- 59. @Goes to air, causes green house effect and gets dissolved in water. What will be the effect on soil fertility and pH of the water?
  - (a) Increases (b) Decreases
  - (c) Remain same (d) None of these
- 60. The van't Hoff factor i for an electrolyte which undergoes dissociation and association in solvents are respectively
  - (a) greater than 1 and greater than 1
  - (b) less than 1 and greater than 1
  - (c) less than 1 and less than 1  $\,$
  - (d) greater than 1 and less than 1

61. If the elevation in boiling point of a solution of 10 g of solute (mol. wt. = 100) in 100 g of water is DTb, the ebullioscopic constant of water is

(a) 
$$\frac{DT_b}{10}$$
 (b)  $DT_b$  (c)  $10DT_b$ (d)  $100DT_b$ 

62. The ionic conductance of Ba2+ and Cl– respectively are 127 and 76W–1cm2 at infinite dilution. 2 at infinite The equivalent conductance of BaCl

- 63. 2NO 4NO2 + O2 <sup>2</sup>Pf rate and rate constant for above reaction are 2.40 × 10-5 mol L-1 s-1 and 3 × 10-5 s-1 respectively, then calculate the concentration of N<sup>2O5</sup>. (a) 1.4 (b) 1.2 (c) 0.04 (d) 0.8 72.
- 64. Which of the following gas molecules have maximum value of enthalpy of physisorption?
  (a) C2H6 (b) Ne (c) H2O (d) H2
- 65. Which of the following will be the most effective in the coagulation of Fe(BHb)i? (b)
  (a) Mg 3(PO4)2 (d) KCN
  (c) NaCl
- 66. When chlorine water is exposed to sunlight, O <sub>2</sub> is liberated. Hence,
  - (a) hydrogen has little affinity to O  $_{2}$
  - (b) hydrogen has more affinity to  $0^{2}$
  - (c) hydrogen has more affinity to chlorine
  - (d) it is a reducing agent
- 67. An extremely hot copper wire reacts with steam to give

 $(b) \oplus \psi \oplus 29$ 

- (a) CuO (c) Cu 2O2
- 68. Among the following the lowest degree of paramagnetism per mole of the compound at 298

K will be shown by (b) CuSO4.5H2O

69. (c) The following reaction is known as



- (a) Friedel-Craft's reaction
- (b) Kolbe reaction
- (c) Reimer-Tiemann reaction

(d)Witting reaction

- 70. Which of the following is process used for the preparation of acetone?
  - (a) Haber process

(b)Wacker process

- (c)Wolff-Kishner reduction
- (d) Gattermann-Koch synthesis
- 71. The preparation of ethyl acetoacetate involves: (a)Wittig reaction
  - (b) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (c) Reformatsky reaction
  - (d) Claisen condensation.
  - 2. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
    - (a)> C = 0 <sup>®</sup> > CH 2 (Clemmensen reduction)

(b)> C = O <sup>®</sup> > CHOH

(Wolf – Kishner reduction)

- (c)- COCl ® CHO (Rosenmund reduction)
- (d)– C ° N ® CHO (Stephen reduction)
- 73. Identify 'C' in the following reaction:

NaNH 2 3/43/43/43/4® C

- (a) Benzamide (b) Benzoic acid
- (c) Chlorobenzene (d) Aniline
- 74. The helical structure of protein is stabilised by
  - (a) peptide bonds
  - (b) dipeptide bonds
  - (c) hydrogen bonds

- (c) L-glucose (d) D-fructose
- 76. Alizarin is an example of
  - (a) Triayl dye
  - (b) Azo dye
  - (c) Vat dye
  - (d) Anthraquinone dye

- 77. 2.4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic add is used as (a) Fungicide (b) Insecticide (c) Herbicide (d)Moth repellant
- 78. 0.45 g of acid molecular weight 90 is neutralised by 20 ml of 0.5N caustic potash. The basicity of acid is (a) 1 (b) 2
- (c) 3 (d) 4 79 In the reaction of KMnO 4 with an oxalate in

acidic medium, MnO-24 Hence Som Ahand

CO2-4 is oxidised to CO M KMnO 4 is equivalent to (a) 100 mL of 0.05 M H2 C2O4 (b)50 mL of 0.05 M H 2C2O4 (c) 25 mL of 0.2 M H2C2O4 (d)50 mL of 0.10 M H 2C2O4

80. Which of the following is soluble in yellow ammonium sulphide? (b) CdS (c) SnS (d) PbS

### PART - III : MATHEMATICS

- 81. Let A and B be two sets then  $(A \stackrel{\frown}{=} B) \stackrel{\prime}{=} (A \stackrel{\prime}{\subseteq} B)$ is equal to (b) A (a) A¢ (c) Led & and y be two national once of the second that 91.
- 82. xy = 12(x + y) and  $x \notin y$ . Then the total number of pairs (x, y) is
- (a) 8 (b) 6 (c) 4 (d) 16 83. If  $\sin 2q + \sin 2f = 1/2$ ,  $\cos 2q + \cos 2f = 3/2$ , then  $\cos 2 (q - f)$  is equal to

- 84. Let T(k) be the statement 1 + 3 + 5 + ... +  $(2k-1)=k^{2}+10$ Which of the following is correct? (a) T(1) is true

  - (b)T(k) is true  $\triangleright$  T(k + 1) is true (c) T(n) is true for all  $n \hat{I} N$
  - (d) All above are correct
- The amplitude of si  $p = \frac{p_{0}}{n \cdot 5} + \frac{p_{0}}{\log 1} \cos \frac{p_{0}}{5}$ 85.

(a) 
$$p/5$$
 (b)  $2p/5$  (c)  $p/10$  (d)  $p/15$   
86. If  $x = w - w2 - 2$ , then the value of

- x4 + 3x3 + 2x2 11x 6 is (a) 1 (b) –1
  - (c) 2 (d)None of these

87. In how many ways can 5 prizes be distributed among 4 boys when every boy can take one or more prizes?

$$\begin{array}{cccc} (1+x2)40 & \stackrel{\text{c}}{\underset{e}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}}} & 2^{+}2^{+} & \frac{1}{x2 \div 0} & \text{is} \\ \hline \text{(a)} & 30C10 & \text{(b)} & {}^{30}C25 \\ \hline \text{(c)} & 1 & \text{(d)None of these} \end{array}$$

90. If x is positive then the sum to infinity of the series

The nearest point on the line 3x + 4y = 12 from the origin is

92. The length of the tangent drawn from any point on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 2fy + l = 0$  to the circle  $x^{2} + y^{2} + 2fy + m = 0$ , where m > l > 0, is

(a) 
$$\sqrt{m-l}$$
 (b)  $\sqrt{m+l}$   
(c)  $\sqrt{m2-l2}$  (d)m+l

93. Find the eccentricity of the conic represented by  $x^2 - y^2 - 4x + 4y + 16 = 0$ 

(a) 2 (b) 
$$\sqrt{2}$$
 (c)  $2\sqrt{2}$  (d)  $3\sqrt{2}$ 

94. 
$$\lim_{x \otimes p/2} \frac{\overset{@}{e^{1-}}}{\underset{(a)}{\overset{@}{e^{1-}}}} \tan \overset{@}{e^{2} \div \vdots}{\overset{@}{e^{1-}}} (1-sinx)}{\underset{(a)}{\overset{@}{e^{1-}}}} = ?$$

- 95. Let  $f(x + y) = f(x) \cdot f(y)$  for all x, y where f(0) = 0. If f(5) = 2 and f'(0) = 3, then f'(5) is equal to -(b) 0 (a) 6 (d) None of these (c) 1
- 96. If sample A contains 100 observations 101, 102, .... 200 and sample B contains 100 obsections, 15-in 1-atio of variance/vB =

(a) 1 (b) 
$$\frac{9}{4}$$
 (c)  $\frac{4}{9}$  (d)  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

97. The probability of simultaneous occurrence of atleast one of two events A and B is p. If the probability that exactly one of A, B occurs is q, then P(A') + P(B') is equal to

(a) 
$$2-2p+q$$
 (b)  $2+2p-q$ 

- (c) 3 3p + q(d) 2 - p + q
- 98. If f is an even function and g is an odd function, then the function fog is
  - (a) an even function
  - (b) an odd function
  - (c) neither even nor odd
  - (d) a periodic function

99. 
$$\tan^{-1} \stackrel{\mathfrak{A}}{\underset{c}{\oplus}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} + \tan^{-1} \stackrel{\mathfrak{A}}{\underset{c}{\oplus}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} = \operatorname{equal to} -$$
  
(a)  $\frac{1}{\underset{c}{\to}} \cos^{-1} \stackrel{\mathfrak{A}}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{_{c}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{\circ}} \stackrel{\circ}{\overset{$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \frac{a_{5}}{s_{5}}$$
 (b)  $2 \sin^{-1} \frac{c_{7}}{s_{7}}$   
(c)  $\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \frac{a_{5}}{s_{7}}$  (d)  $\tan^{-1} \frac{a_{7}}{s_{7}}$ 

- €<sup>5</sup>ø 100. If  $k \in sin - 1x + cos - 1x + tan - 1x \in K$ , then -(a) k = 0, K = p.(b)k = 0, K = p/2(c) k = p/2, K = p(d)None of these
- 101. The equations 2x + 3y + 4 = 0; 3x + 4y + 6 = 0 and 109. Evaluate  $\frac{3x^2}{4 x^3} dx$ 4x + 5y + 8 = 0 are (an) nsistent with unique solution (b)consistent (co)nsistent with infinitely many solutions
- (the above 102. The value of the determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} 26 & 24 & 21 \\ 5 & 0 & 9 \\ 24 & 22 & 19 \\ (a) & 1050 & (b) & 779 & (c) 679 & (d) & 0 \\ 103. & If \frac{21}{y} = a \frac{19}{sin} q \frac{18}{and} y = b \cos q, \text{ then } \frac{d^2 y}{d \frac{2}{x}} \\ (a) & \frac{a}{b^2} \sec 2 q \qquad (b) & \frac{-b}{a} \sec^2 q \\ \end{vmatrix}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{-b}{a_2}$$
 sec3q (d)  $\frac{b}{a^2}$  sec3 q

104. If  $f(x) = xa \log x$  and f(0) = 0, then the value of a for which Rolle's theorem can be applied in [0,1] is

(a) 
$$-2$$
 (b)  $-1$  (c) 0 (d)  $1/2$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  1 ,  $x \pm 2$ 

105. If the function 
$$f(x) = \int_{1}^{1} ax + b$$
,  $2 < x < 4$   
 $\int_{1}^{2} 7$ ,  $x^{3} 4$ 

is continuous at x = 2 and 4, then the values of a and b are

- (a) 3,5 (b) 3, -5 (c) 0, 3 (d) 0, 5
- $\frac{a 2 1}{x 3 3x + 5}$  is a decreasing 106. If f(x)= a2+1 function of x in R, then the set of possible values of a (independent of x) is
  - (a) (1, ¥) (b)(-4, -1)
  - (c) [-1, 1] (d)None of these
- 107. The diagonal of a square is changing at the rate of 0.5 cm/sec. Then the rate of change of area, when the area is 400 cm2, is equal to
  - 202/cm2/sec (b) 102qm2/sec (a)

$$\frac{1}{10\sqrt{2}}$$
 cm<sup>2</sup>/sec (d)  $\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}$  cm<sup>2</sup> /sec

108. If the normal to the curve y = f(x) at the point (3, 4) makes an angle 3p/4 with the positive x-axis, then f'(3) =

(c)

(a) 
$$\frac{2}{3}\sin^{-1}\frac{\frac{2}{6}\sin^{-2}\ddot{z}}{\overset{\div}{e}}$$
 (b)  $\frac{2}{3}\sin^{-1}x^{3/2}$  +c  
(c)  $2\sin^{-1}\frac{\frac{2}{6}3^{3/2}\ddot{z}}{\overset{\leftrightarrow}{e}}$  (d)  $\frac{2}{3}\sin^{-1}\frac{\frac{2}{6}3^{3/2}\ddot{z}}{\overset{\leftrightarrow}{e}}$  (e)  $\frac{2}{3}\sin^{-1}\frac{\frac{2}{6}3^{3/2}\ddot{z}}{\overset{\leftrightarrow}{e}}$ 

110. 
$$\overset{p/2}{O} \frac{2^{\sin x}}{2^{\sin x} + 2^{\cos x}} dx equals$$

- (a) 2 (b) P (c) p/4 (d) p/2
- 111. The area bounded by the curve y = sinx, x-axis and the ordinates x = 0 and x = p/2 is (a) p (b) P/2 (c) 1 (d) 2

- 112. The differential equation whose solution is 121. Prabhat wants to invest the total amount of  $Ax^2 + By^2 = 1$  where A and B are arbitrary constants is of
  - (a) second order and second degree
  - (b) first order and second degree
  - (c) first order and first degree
  - (d) second order and first degree
- 113. The unit vector perpendicular to the vectors 6i^+2i^+3k^ and 3i^-6i^-2k^ is -

(a) 
$$\frac{2i^{-}3j^{+}6k^{-}}{7}$$
 (b)  $\frac{2i^{-}3j^{-}6k^{-}}{\frac{2i^{+}3j^{-}6k^{-}}{7}}$  (c)  $\frac{2i^{+}3j^{-}6k^{-}}{7}$  (d)  $\frac{7}{7}$ 

- 114. If a.b = a.c and  $a \times b = a \times c$ , then correct statement is
  - (b) a^(b-c) (a) a || (b - c)
  - (c) a = 0 or b = c(d)None of these
- 115. What is the value of *n* so that the angle between the lines having direction ratios (1, 1, 1) and (1, −1, *n*) is 60°?
  - βa) √ (b)  $\sqrt{6}$
  - (c) 3 (d)None of these
- 116. The foot of the perpendicular from the point (7, 14, 5) to the plane 2x + 4y - z = 2 are (a) (1, 2, 8) (b) (3, 2, 8)
  - (c) (5, 10, 6) (d) (9, 18, 4)
- 117. Find the coordinates of the point where the line joining the points (2, -3, 1) and (3, -4, -5) cuts the plane 2x + y + z = 7.

(a) 
$$(1, 2, -7)$$
 (b)  $(1, -2, 7)$ 

- (c) (-1, -2, 7)(d) (1, 2, 7)
- 118. A boy is throwing stones at a target. The probability of hitting the target at any trial is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . The probability of hitting the target 5th time at the 10th throw is :
  - 5 63 210 (b) <del>29</del> (c)  $\frac{10C}{210}$  (d)None (a)
- 119. Two dice are thrown together 4 times. The probability that both dice will show same numbers twice is -
  - 25 (a) (b) 36 3 25 (d)None of these (c) 216
- 120. In a triangle ABC, if a = 2,  $B = 60^{\circ}$  and  $C = 75^{\circ}$ , then b equals

(a) 
$$\sqrt{3}$$
 (b)  $\sqrt{6}$  (c)  $\sqrt{9}$  (d) 1+  $2$ 

15,000 in saving certificates and national saving bonds. According to rules, he has to invest at least ` 2000 in saving certificates and ` 2500 in national saving bonds. The interest rate is 8% on saving certificate and 10% on national saving bonds per annum. He invest ` x in saving certificate and ` y in national saving bonds. Then the objective function for this problem is

(e) 
$$90000 \pm 9300^{4}$$
 (b)  $\frac{x}{2000} + \frac{y}{2500}$ 

- 122. For the function
  - $f(x) = \frac{x100}{100} + \frac{x99}{99} + \dots \frac{x2}{2} + x + 1,$ f \$\phi(1) = mf\$\phi(0)\$, where m is equal to

  - (a) 50 (b) 0 (c) 100 (d) 200
- é0 aù 123. Let  $A = \hat{e} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \Theta & \Theta \\ \Theta & \Theta \\ \Theta & \Theta \end{array}$  and  $(A + I)50 - 50A = \hat{e} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \Theta & \Theta \\ \Theta & \Theta \end{array}$ find abc + abd + bcd + acd

- (c) 1 (d)None of these
- 124. If the line  $x \cos a + y \sin a = p$  represents the common chord of the circles  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  and x2 + y2 + b2 (a > b), where A and B lie ont he first circle and P and Q lie on the second circle, then AP is equal to
  - (a)  $\sqrt{a^2 + p^2} + \sqrt{b^2 + p^2}$
  - (b)  $\sqrt{a^2 p^2} + \sqrt{b^2 p^2}$

(c) 
$$\sqrt{a^2 - p^2} \sqrt{b^2 - p^2}$$

(d) 
$$\sqrt{a^2 + p^2} \sqrt{b^2 + p^2}$$

125. Let *a*1, *a*2, *a*3..... be terms on A.P. If

$$\frac{a1+a2+\dots ap}{a_{1}+a_{2}+\dots ap} = \frac{p^{2}}{q^{2}}, p^{-1} q, \text{ then } \frac{a_{6}}{a_{21}}$$
(a)  $\frac{41}{11}$  (b)  $\frac{7}{2}$  (c)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (d)  $\frac{11}{41}$ 
PART - IV : ENGLISH

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 126-128): In the following questions choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word.

126. Florid

(a) Weak	(b) Pale
(c) Monotonous	(d) Ugly

127. Verity	
(a) Sanctity	(b) Reverence
(c) Falsehood	(d) Rarity
128. Perspicuity (a)	
Vagueness (c)	(b) Dullness
Unfairness	(d) Unwillingness

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 129 - 131): In question out of the

four alternative, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

129. Disgrace (a) Disrespect (c) Disregard 130. Striking	(b) Jealousy (d) Shame (b) Violent
(a) Attractive	(d) Hateful
(c) Funny 131. Fiasco	
(a) Festival	(b) Failure
(c) Fortune	(d) Feast

DIRECTIONS (Os. 132 & 133): In the following questions a part of the sentence is bold. Below are given alternatives to the bold part at (a), (b) and (c) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed, your answer is (d).

132.Power got with money is the most craved for				
toda	ay.			
	sought after	(b)wished for		
(c)	welcomed for	(d)No improvement		
133.You are asked to copy this letter word by word.				
(a)	word for word	(b)word with word		
(c)	word to word	(d)No improvement		
DIRECTIONS (Qs. 134 & 135) : Sentences are given				

with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four:

134.Let us quickly _	 ·	
(a) muddle	(b) huddle	
(c) hurdle	(d) puddle	
405 5 1 1	-	

135.Rajesh's car wasn't \_\_\_\_\_ Ramesh's, so we were too exhausted by the time we reached home.

- (a) such comfortable
- (b) as comfortable as
- (c) comfortable enough
- (d) so comfortable that

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 136 & 137) : In the following questions, the 1st and the last sentences of the passage are numbered 1 and 6. The rest of the passage is split into four parts and named P, O, R and S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct. Then find the correct

- answer. The most vulnerable section of the society are the students.
  - Revolutionary and new fledged ideas have Ρ. a great appeal to them.
  - Q. Agitations may be non-violent methods of
  - R. pr ot est.
    - They cannot resist the charm of persuasion.
  - S. They are to be taught that without discipline they cannot get proper education. However if these become violent, the antisocial elements get encouraged and they put all proper working out of gear.

(a) PRSO (b) RSOP (c) SRPO (d) RPOS

- 137.1. Venice is a strange city.
  - There are about 400 odd bridges connecting Ρ. the islands of Venice.
  - O. There are no motor cars, no horses and no buses there.
  - These small islands are close to one R. a n oth er.
  - It is not one island but a hundred islands. S
  - This is because Venice has no streets. 6
  - (a) SRPQ (b) PSRQ (c) RQPS (d) QSRP

DIRECTIONS (Os. 138 - 140) : In guestion number 138 to 140, you have two passages with 5 questions in each passage. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

The World health Organisation is briefly called W.H.O.

It is a specialised agency of the United Nations and was established in 1948.

International health workers can be seen working in all kinds of surroundings in deserts, jungles, mountains, coconut groves, and rice fields. They help the sick to attain health and the healthy to maintain their health.

This global health team assists the local health workers in stopping the spread of what are called communicable diseases, like cholera. These diseases can spread from one country to another and so can be a threat to world health.

W.H.O. assists different national health authorities not only in controlling diseases but also in preventing them altogether. Total prevention of diseases is possible in a number so ways. Everyone knows how people, particularly children, are vaccinated against one disease or another. Similarly, most people are familiar with the spraying of houses with poisonous substances which kill disease-carrying insects. 138."It is a specialised agency of the United Nations and was established in 1948". Here specialised means :

- (a) (b) made suitable for a particular purpose
- (c) expert
  - extraordinary
  - (d) uncommon

139."International health workers can be seen working in all kinds of surroundings: in deserts, jungles, mountains, coconout groves, and rice fields". Here International means:

- (a) belonging to the whole world
- (b) drawn from all countries of the world
- (c) believing in cooperation among nations
- (d) belonging to an organisation which has something to do with different nations.

140. They help the sick to attain health and the healthy to maintain their health. here they stands for:

- (a) deserts
- (b) rice fields
- (c) international health workers
- (d) jungles

141.In a code language, if SUMMER is coded as SDNLVR, then the word WINTER will be coded as:

(b) SDMUJV

(d) VJMUDS

(a) SDUMJV (c) SUUMVJ

DIRECTION (Q. 142): In question number, select the missing number from the given responses.



(a) 888 (b)788 (c) 848 (d)842 143. Today is Monday. After 61 days, it will be: (a) Wednesday (b) Saturday (c) Twasday

- (c) Tuesday (d) Thursday
- 144. Rahul and Nitesh are standing in a row of persons. Rahul is 12th from left side and Nitesh is 18th from the right side of the row. If they interchanged their positions Rahul becomes 25th from left. Find the new position of Nitesh from right side?
  - (a) 38 (b) 32 (c) 42 (d) 31

- 145. One of the numbers does not fit into the series. Find the wrong number.
  52, 152, 414, 1312, 5348, 26840

  (a) 152
  (b)414
  (c) 1312
  (d)5348
- 146. In the following question and D stands for any of Mathematical signs at different places, which are given as choices under each question. Select the choice with the correct sequence of signs which when substituted makes the gamestion 24 D 4 D 5 D 4
  - (a)  $\times + =$  (b)  $= \times +$
  - (c)  $+ \times =$  (d)  $= + \times$
- 147. Which represents carrot, food, vegetable?



148. "All the members of the Tennis club are members of the badminton club too". No woman plays badminton?

(a)Some women play Tennis

- (b)No member of Tennis club plays badminton
- (c)Some women are members of the Tennis club

(d)No woman is a member of Tennis club



150. Which answer figure is the exact mirror image of the given figure when the mirror held form the right at PQ?



	SOLUTIONS				
1.	(c)	PART - I : PHYSICS □ 醺□ � 醺 □ □ □ = � ☆ = <sup>œ</sup> _ p <sup>□ rö÷</sup> � ĕ □ p	7.	(d)	□ 単□ ◆ 矄 □ ◆ □ □ 矄 □ □ □ □ □ □ ◆ ◆ 準 □ ├ □ □ □ 盐 □ 電□ ◆ □ □ □ □ 単□ □ 出 盐 ◆ 矄 □ □ 電□ 盐 □ 単□ ├ □ □ □ □ + □ 鼁 ◆ ◆ ◆ + ◆ □ 序 ◆ ◆ □ 泐 □ □ ◆ □ ◆ 電□ ◆ 準 ◆ + □ 単□
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20. (b)  
21. (a) 
$$y \times t\overline{f} = e \ ax+bt + d\overline{b} \times t\overline{f} = e^{\alpha \sqrt{f}} \sqrt{bt^{f}}$$
  
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(c)

		PART - II : CHEMISTRY			憬 <sup></sup> x 제 <sup></sup> x x 憬 <del></del>
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