PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : AGRICULTURAL ENGG AND TECHNOLOGY-ENG Exam Date : 09-Jul-2023 Batch : 10:00-12:00

Sr. No.		t Question ID	Question Body	and Alternatives	Marks	Neg M	gative arks
Obje	ctive Que	estion					
1	1901	The 1 52, 5	following are the paddy yields (kg/plot) 5, 58, 60, 62, 65. The 25 th percentile (Q	for 14 plots 30, 32, 35, 38, 40, 42, 48, 1) yield in kg/plot will be:	49,	4.0	1.00
		1.	37.25				
		2.	38.00				
		3.	40.00				
		4.	48.50				
		A1:1					
		A2:2					
		A3:3					
		A4:4					
Obje	ctive Que	estion					
2	1902	Mate	th List-I with List-II			4.0	1.00
			List I	List II			

	List-I	List-II
	Nature of data	Most appropriate measure
(A)	Qualitative data	(I) Geometric mean
(B)	Raw data with extreme values	(II) Median and Mode
(C)	Dealing with rates, speeds and prices	(III) Mode
(D)	Calculating relative change	(IV) Harmonic mean

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)

2. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)

3. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)

A1:1

0/23, 12:	18 PM 179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html	Ш	
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
ojective Qu 1903		4.0	1.0
	Consider the following probability distributions.		
	(A) Normal distribution		
	(B) Binomial distribution		
	(C) Poisson distribution		
	(D) F-distribution		
	(E) Chi-square distribution		
	In which of the above distributions mean and variance are equal :		
	1. (A) only.		
	2. (B) only.		
	3. (C) only.		
	4. (D) and (E) only.		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
jective Qı	lestion		
1904	For two invertible matrices A and B of suitable orders, the value of $(AB)^{-1}$ is :	4.0	1.0
	1. (BA) ⁻¹		
	2. $B^{-1}A^{-1}$		
	3. $A^{-1}B^{-1}$		
	4. $(AB')^{-1}$		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		

		The	angle between vectors A=2i-j+2k and B= 6i-3j+6k is :		
		1.	0		
		2.	30		
		3.	45		
		4.	60		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obje 6	ctive Que 1906	estion		4.0	1.00
6	1906	Sync	chronous Speed of an AC induction motor depends on :	4.0	1.00
		(A)	Frequency of the supply voltage		
		(B)	Number of poles		
		(C)	Current		
		(D)	Voltage		
		Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A) and (B) only.		
		2.	(B) and (C) only.		
		3.	(C) and (D) only.		
		4.	(A) and (D) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Ohie	ctive Que	stion			
7	1907			4.0	1.00

	F	ydrometer readings are corrected for			
	(A) Temperature correction			
	(B) Meniscus correction			
	(C) Dispersing agent correction			
	(D) Pressure correction			
	(hoose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:			
	1				
	2				
	3				
	4. (B), (C) and (D) only.				
	A	:1			
	A	:2			
	A	:3			
	Δ	:4			
		. 4			
Obje 8	ctive Questic	 	4.0 1.00		
0		iven below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled s Reason (R).	4.0 1.00		
	A	ssertion (A): In case of soils compressive normal stresses are taken positive.			
	ŀ	eason (R): Most of the normal stresses acting on soils are compressive in nature.			
		a light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given elow.			
	1	Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).			
	2	Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).			
	3	(A) is true but (R) is false.			
	4	(A) is false but (R) is true.			
	A	:1			
	A2	:2			
	A	:3			
	A	:4			
	ctive Questic	1			
9	1909		4.0 1.00		

Given below are two statements,	one is	labelled as	Assertion	(A) and	other or	ne labelled
as Reason (R).						

Assertion (A): The current drawn by the motor lags behind the voltage applied

Reason (**R**): Motor is an inductive load

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. (A) is true but (R) is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.

A1	:	1	

- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Obje	ective Que	estion			
10 1910	Cons	sider the following statements	4.0	1.00	
		(A)	Real power is expressed in kW		
		(B)	Apparent power is expressed in kV		
		(C)	Reactive power does not provide useful mechanical work.		
		(D)	A motor operating at a given load and supply voltage, draws active and reactive power.		
		(E)	Both Real power and Apparent power are expressed in kW		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:			
		1.	(A), (C), (D) and (E) only.		
		2.	(A) and (B) only.		
		3.	(B) and (D) only.		
		4.	(A), (B), (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			

	ective Que 1911		4.0	1.00
		Given below are two statements:		
		Statement (I) : The porosity of a soil can not exceed 100 per cent.		
		Statement (II): The degree of saturation can not be zero per cent.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true.		
		2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
		3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
		4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Que	stion		
12	1912	Which of the following statements are true in case of electric fuse :	4.0	1.00
		(A) It is generally made of materials having low melting point		
		(B) It is made of materials having high conductivity		
		(C) It has inverse time-current characteristics		
		(D) It is inserted in series with the circuit to be protected		
		Choose the correct answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B) and (C) only.		
		2. (A), (B) and (D) only.		
		3. (A), (C) and (D) only.		
		4. (A), (B), (C) and (D).		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Que	stion		
13	1913		4.0	1.00

6/61

Consider the following statemen	ts	
---------------------------------	----	--

- (A) Absolute pressure is always positive.
- (B) Vacuum can not exceed local atmospheric pressure.
- (C) Gage pressure is the difference between absolute pressure and atmospheric pressure.
- (D) Negative gauge pressure is same as vacuum.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (C) only.
- 2. (B), (C) and (D) only.
- 3. (A), (C) and (D) only.
- 4. (A), (B), (C) and (D).

A1:1

- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

14 1914	Con	sider the follo	owing statements related to Mohr failure hypothesis:	4.0		
		ement (I) :	Shear stress on the failure envelope is the maximum shear stress in the element.			
	Stat	ement (II) :	The maximum shear stress acts on a plane inclined at 45^0 to major principle plane			
	In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.					
	1.	Both States	ment (I) and Statement (II) are true.			
	2.	Both States	ment (I) and Statement (II) are false.			
	3.	Statement	(I) is true but Statement (II) is false.			
	4.	Statement	(I) is false but Statement (II) is true.			
	A1:1					
	A2:2					
	A3 : 3					
	A4:4					
Objective Qu	estion					

15	1915	Whi	ch of the following Law's are based on gradient :			
		(A) Stefan -Boltzmann law				
		(B)	Fourier's law			
		(C)	Newton's law of cooling			
		(D) Fick's law				
		Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:			
		1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.			
		2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.			
		3.	(A), (C) and (D) only.			
		4.	(A), (B) and (D) only.			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Obje	ective Que	estion				
16	1916					
		Mat	ch List-I with List-II			

4.0 1.00

List-I List-II Process Characteristic

(A)	Adiabatic	(I) No volum	ne change takes place
(B	Isochoric	(II) No press	ure change takes place.
(C)	Isobaric	(III) No tempo	erature change takes place.
(D)	Isothermal	(IV) No heat t	ransfer takes place.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)

A1:1

A2:2

/23, 12:1					
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
jective Qu 1917	estion			4.0	1.0
	inne bricl	r surface as	Il of length 5 m, height 4 m and thickness 0.25 m has temperature on 6 40 0 C and outer surface as 110 0 C. The thermal conductivity of red W/mK. What will be the temperature at interior point of the wall, 20 cm vall.		
	1.	96 °C			
	2.	74 °C			
	3.	54 °C			
	4.	48 °C			
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
	/				
	Give		e two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled	4.0	1.0
ojective Qu 1918	Give as R	en below are teason (R). ertion (A) :	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse	eason (R).		4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea	<pre>teason (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the</pre>	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids , the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w.	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids , the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger.	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo 1.	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a Both (A) a	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo 1. 2.	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo 1. 2. 3.	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). but (R) is false.	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo 1. 2. 3. 4.	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). but (R) is false.	4.0	1.0
	Give as R Asse Rea In li belo 1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1	ertion (R). ertion (A) : son (R) : ight of the w. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true	Counter flow heat exchanger is more effective than a parallel flow heat exchanger. For same temperature limits of hot and cold fluids, the overall heat transfer coefficient of counter flow heat exchanger is more than parallel flow heat exchanger. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). but (R) is false.	4.0	1.0

Objective Question

4.0	1.00

Mat	ch List-I with List-II	-	
List-I Property		List-II Fluid type	
(B)	Shear stress is directly proportional to rate of deformation	(II)	Newtonian fluids
(C)	Behaves as a solid until a minimum yield stress is exceeded and subsequently exhibits a linear relation between stress and rate of deformation		Pseudoplastic fluids
(D)	Viscosity increases with increasing deformation rate	(IV)	Bingham-plastic fluids
(E)	Shear stress is not directly proportional to deformation rate	(V)	Non-Newtonian fluids
Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
1.	(A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I), (E) - (V)		
2.	(A) - (II), (B) - (V), (C) - (I), (D) - (III), (E) - (IV)		
3.	(A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (V), (D) - (II), (E) - (III)		
4.	(A) - (V), (B) - (III), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II), (E) - (I)		
A1:1			
A2:2			
A3:3			
A4:4			
stion			
	oulli's equation is conservation of		
1.	Mass		
2.	Energy		
3.	Momentum		
J .			
4.	Angular Momentum		

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	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ojective Q	uestion		1.0	1
l 1921	If a body is in equilibrium, we may conclude that	4	1.0	1.
	(A) No force is acting on the body			
	(B) The resultant of all the horizontal forces acting on it is zero.			
	(C) The resultant of all the vertical forces acting on it is zero.			
	(D) The moments of the forces about any point is zero.			
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:			
	1. (A), (B) and (C) only.			
	2. (B), (C) and (D) only.			
	3. (A), (C) and (D) only.			
	4. (A), (B) and (D) only.			
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ective Q	uestion		1.0	1
1922	The centre of gravity of a right circular cone of diameter (d) and height (distance of from the base measured along the vertical radius.	(h) lies at a	.0	т.
	1. h/2			
	2. h/3			
	3. h/4			
	4. h/6			
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
in atting O	uestion			

• • • •		
of in	moment of inertia of a body along a perpendicular axis passing through its cenvity is 50 kg.m ² and the mass of the body is 30 kg. What will be the momen $(kg.m2)$ of the same body along another axis, which is 50 cm away from t axis and parallel to it?	t of
1.	30.0	
2.	57.5	
3.	10.0	
4.	55.0	
A1		

Objective Question

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

24 1924 The moment of inertia of a triangular section of base (b) and height (h) about an axis passing through its vertex and parallel to the base is times as that passing through its centre of gravity and parallel to the base. 1. Twelve 2. Nine 3. Six 4. Four A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
2. Nine 3. Six 4. Four A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4.0	
3. Six 4. Four A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
4. Four A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
A3:3 A4:4		
A4:4		
Dbjective Question		
25 1925		
	4.0	

		Which of the following quantities have unit as Newton-meter (N-m)?		
		(A) Work		
		(B) Energy		
		(C) Torque		
		(D) Power		
		(E) Momentum		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (C) only.		
		2. (A), (B) and (C) only.		
		3. (B) only.		
		4. (D) and (E) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Qu	lestion		
26	1926	A flywheel starts from rest and revolves with an acceleration of 0.5 rad/sec ² . What will be its angular displacement after 10 seconds.	4.0	1.00
		1. 5 radians		
		2. 25 radians		
		3. 35 radians		
		4. 50 radians		
		4. 50 radians		
		A1:1		
		A1:1 A2:2		
	institut O	A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Ob 27	jective Qu 1927	A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4.0	1.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4.0	1.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4.0	1.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4.0	1.00

10/25, 12.1			
	Which of the following constitute kinematic link?		
	(A) Piston, piston rod and crosshead		
	(B) Connecting rod with big and small end bearings		
	(C) Crank, crankshaft and flywheel		
	(D) Cylinder, engine frame and main bearings		
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1. (A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2. (B), (C) and (D) only.		
	3. (A), (C) and (D) only.		
	4. (A), (B), (C) and (D).		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objective Qu	estion		
28 1928	Given below are two statements:	4.0	1.00
	Statement (I): A kinematic link may consist of several parts rigidly fastened together so that they do not move relative to one another.		
	Statement (II): A kinematic link need not to be rigid body but it must be a resistant body.		
	In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.		
	1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true.		
	2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
	3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
	4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objective Qu	estion		
29 1929		4.0	1.00

Kutzback equation between degrees of freedom (n), number of links (ℓ) , number of joints (j) and number of higher pairs (h) of a mechanism having plane motion is given by

-	
1.	n= 3(ℓ-1)-2j-h
2.	$n = 3(\ell+3) - 2j-h$
3.	$n = 3 (\ell-3) - 2(j-h)$
4.	$n = 3 (\ell+1) - j + 2h$
A1:1	
A2:2	
A3:3	
A4:4	

ojective Qu	estion			1
) 1930	Select the correct sequ	ence of increasing size (thickness) of clay minerals	4.0	1.0
	(A) Montmorillonite			
	(B) Chlorite			
	(C) Kalonite			
	(D) Illite			
	Choose the <i>correct</i> an	swer from the options given below:		
	1. (B), (A), (C), (D)).		
	2. (A), (D), (B), (C)).		
	3. (C), (B), (A), (D)).		
	4. (D), (C), (A), (B)).		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
jective Qı	estion			
. 1931			4.0	1.(

Given below are two statements,	one is labelled a	as Assertion (A)) and other one	labelled
as Reason (R).				

Assertion (A): A good CI engine fuel, like diesel oil, is a bad SI engine fuel and a good SI engine fuel, like petrol, is a bad CI engine fuel.

Reason (R): A good CI engine fuel requires high self-ignition temperature and good SI engine fuel requires low self-ignition temperature.

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. (A) is true but (R) is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Qu	estion		
32 1932	Consider the following statements regarding C.I. engine and S.I engine	4.0	1.0
	(A) C.I. engines are more bulky than S.I. engines		
	(B) C.I. engines are more efficient than S.I. engines		
	(C) Lighter flywheels are required in C.I. engines		
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1. (A) and (C) only.		
	2. (B) and (C) only.		
	3. (A) and (B) only.		
	4. (A), (B) and (C).		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
bjective Qu	Jestion		
3 1933		4.0	1.(

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		An e	engine has a swept volume of 300 cm ³ , clearance volume of 25 cm ³ . Its volumetric iency is 0.80 and mechanical efficiency is 0.90. The volume of mixture taken in per		
0	ojective Que	estion			
34	1934		vo stroke cycle gives the number of power strokes as compared to stroke cycle engine at the same engine speed.	4.0	1.00
		1.	Half		
		2.	Same		
		3.	Double		
		4.	Four times		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
3!	ojective Que 5 1935			4.0	1.00
		The	overall mechanization level in India ranges from		
		1.	20-25 %		
		2.	40-45 %		
		3.	55-60 %		
		4.	75-80 %		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			

A 4	Δ
A4	4

1936	Mate	ch List-I with List-II		4.0	1.
	Max	List-I	List-II		
		Farm Equipment	Action		
	(A)	Turn Wrest plough	(I) Moves all the soil towards same side.		
	(B)	Disc plough	(II) Moves the soil in opposite directions.		
	(C)	Disc harrow	(III) Used for shallow ploughing.		
	(D)	Vertical disc plough	(IV) Has an arrangement that the plough bottom can be changed from right hand to left hand by rotating it approximately 180°.		
	(E)	Off-set disc harrow	(V) Well suited for working under low hanging branches in orchards.		
	Cho	pose the <i>correct</i> answe	r from the options given below:		
	1.	(A) - (V), (B) - (IV),	(C) - (I), (D) - (II), (E) - (III)		
	2.	(A) - (II), (B) - (III), ((C) - (V), (D) - (I), (E) - (IV)		
	3.	(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV), (E) - (V)		
	4.	(A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (III), (E) - (V)		
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
ective Qu	estion				
1937		h seed metering mecha ed mechanism ?	anism in a planter brushes out excess seeds from the cells of	4.0	1.
	1.	Edge drop			
	2.	Cut off			
	3.	Knock out			

		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	ctive Que 1938		ch of the following is primary function of broadcaster?	4.0	1.0
		(A)	Open the seed furrow to proper depth		
		(A) (B)	Meter the seed		
		(D) (C)	Distribute seed over a a given width of land.		
		(C) (D)	Deposit the seed in the furrow in acceptable pattern.		
		(E)	Cover the seed and compact soil around it.		
			ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A), (B), (C), (D) and (E).		
		2.	(A), (B), (D) and (E) only.		
		3.	(A), (D) and (E) only.		
		4.	(B) and (C) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
-	ctive Que	estion			
39	1939			4.0	1.(

Match List-I wit	th List-II
------------------	------------

	List-I	List-II		
	Field operation	Equipment used		
(A)	Intercultural operation	(I) Rotavator		
(B)	Deep ploughing	(II) Cultivator		
(C)	Soil pulverization	(III) Sub-soiler		
(D)	Conservation tillage	(IV) Strip-till drill		
(E)	Soil Inversion	(V) MB plough		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (V), (C) (II), (D) (IV), (E) (III)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (V), (D) (III), (E) (II)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV), (E) (V)
- 4. (A) (IV), (B) (II), (C) (I), (D) (V), (E) (III)

- A2:2
- A3 : 3
- A4:4

Obje	ective Que	estion		
40	1940	A flat fan nozzle is most suitable for		1.00
		1. Foliage spray		
		2. Insect control		
		3. Spot spray		
		4. Herbicide spray		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ective Que	estion		
41	1941		4.0	1.00

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): Drift is more serious problem with dusts compared to sprays.

Statement (II): Drift can be minimized by producing sprays having small volume mean diameter (VMD).

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Obje	ective Que	estion			
42	1942	Regi	stration and alignment are the cutting knife adjustments related to	4.0	1.00
		1.	Reaper		
		2.	Mower		
		3.	Combine harvester		
		4.	Reaper binder		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	ective Que	estion			
43	1943			4.0	1.00

Select the most appropriate sequence of involvement of different parts of combine harvester from crop interception to grain collection

- (A) Cutter bar
- (B) Auger
- (C) Straw walker
- (D) Cylinder and concave
- (E) Reel

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (C), (D), (E).
- 2. (E), (A), (B), (D), (C).
- 3. (A), (B), (E), (D), (C).
- 4. (E), (C), (D), (A), (B).
- A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

	_		
Dbj	ective Que	estion	
14	1944		

4.0 1.00

- (A) The minimum length of feeding chute should be 90 cm.
- (B) The feeding chute should be covered up to a minimum length of 45 cm.
- (C) The feeding chute should be inclined to the horizontal at an angle of 5-10 degree.
- (D) The feeding chute should be made of stainless steel.
- (E) The feeding chute should have an alarming system.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1. (A), (B) and (C) only.

As per BIS, for safe use of threshers

- 2. (B), (C) and (D) only.
- 3. (B), (D) and (E) only.
- 4. (A), (B) and (E) only.

A1:1

- A2:2
- A3:3

A4:4

1945		imum tangua in a treatar is concreted at speed	4.0	1.00
	Max	imum torque in a tractor is generated at speed		
	1.	At which maximum power is generated		
	2.	Lower than the speed at which maximum power is generated		
	3.	Higher than the speed at which maximum power is generated.		
	4.	At which minimum power is generated.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			

Objective Question 46 1946

Match List-I with List-I	[
List-I	List-II
Harvesting machine	Crop
(A) Digger	(I) Cotton
(B) Reaper	(II) Potato
(C) Picker	(III) Cereal crops
(D) Snapper	(IV) Forage crops
(E) Mower	(V) Maize

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

2.
$$(A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (V), (D) - (II), (E) - (IV)$$

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

4.0 1.00

A4:4

4.0	4.0
4.0	4.0
4.0	4.0

Consider the following statements related to biomass conversion techniques

Statement (I): Thermo-chemical processes have higher efficiencies than biochemical processes.

Statement (II): In comparison to bio-chemical conversion techniques, thermochemical conversion techniques have superior ability to decompose lignin.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

⁵⁰ ¹⁹⁵⁰ Which country is having a full-fledged Ministry for Development of New and Renewable Resources ?

- 1. India
- 2. Bangladesh
- 3. Japan
- 4. China

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question 51 1951

4.0 1.00

7/10/2	23, 12:18	3 PM	179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
		8% :	actor operated sprayer has 24 nozzles spaced 50 cm apart. Time lost in turning is and filling to tank is 7%. If the sprayer is operated at a speed of 5km/h, calculate the rage area in ha per hour.		
		1.	2.6		
		2.	3.0		
		3.	5.1		
		4.	6.0		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obje	ective Que	stion			
52	1952	The	major drawbacks of conventional tillages are categorized as :	4.0	1.00
		(A)	Decrease of soil organic matter		
		(B)	Decrease of soil moisture		
		(C)	Short-term potential for soil compaction		
		(D)	Adversely affect the soil structure		
		Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
		2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
		3.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
		4.	(A), (B), (C) and (D).		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3 : 3			
		A4:4			
	ective Que	stion			
53	1953			4.0	1.00

		Given below are two statements:
		Statement (I): The soil texture is defined as the relative proportion, by weight percentage of sand, silt and clay in soil.
		Statement (II): The aeration in fine textured soil is medium to poor.
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.
		1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
		2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
		3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
		4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.
		A1:1
		A2:2
		A3:3
		A4:4
Obj	ective Qu	estion
54	1954	A 2-bottom, 50 cm MB plough is being operated at a speed of 5 km. h ⁻¹ . If time lost in turning is 8 per cent, how many hours will be required to plough 23 ha of land ?

	1.			
		23		
	2.	46		
	3.	50		
	4.	100		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ve Ques	stion			
955			4.0	1.00
		4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	4. 100 A1:1	4. 100 A1:1

A bullock drawn country plough cuts a trapezoidal furrow having 16 cm top width and 4 cm bottom width. The depth of ploughing is 15 cm. If the plogh forms an angle of 45° with horizontal and average soil resistance is 0.71 kg.cm⁻², calculate the pull exerted by the bullocks in kgf.

1.	107

- 2. 150
- 3. 211
- 4. 300

A1:1 A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective	Question

56	1956	The tractor develops torque of 35 kg-m at an engine speed of 1350 RPM. Calculate the BHP of the tractor.	4.0	1.00
		1. 45		
		2. 66		
		3. 90		
		4. 77		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

Objective Question

57 1957	The	volume of tyre filled with water for ballasting purpose is:	4.0	1.00
	1.	25%		
	2.	50%		
	3.	75%		
	4.	90%		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			

A3:3

		A4:4				
Obj	ective Qu	estion				
58 1958	Whi	ich is the most appropriate method to measure soil tilth?	4.0	.0 1	1.00	
		1.	Chemical analysis			
		2.	Aggregate analysis			
		3.	Biological analysis			
		4.	Observational analysis			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				

Objective Question 59 1959

Match List-I with List-II

	List-I	List-II		
	Link	Type of load		
(A)	Rock shaft	(I) Bending and shear		
(B)	Lower link	(II) Axial		
(C)	Upper link	(III) Axial, bending and shear		
(D)	Lift arm	(IV) Torsion, bending and shear		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

(A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I) 1.

(A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV) 2.

(A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III) 3.

(A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (II) 4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

4.0 1.00

0/23, 12:1	3 PM 179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
) bjective Qu	stion		
0 1960	 Which of the parameter is affected by the peripheral speed of cylinder in thresher? 1. Cleaning of grains 2. Threshing efficiency 3. Grain separation 4. Aspirating efficiency A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 	4.0	1
	A4:4		
bjective Qur 1 1961	The undesirable components which need to be removed during refining of vegetable oils include - (A) Colouring and odouring matters (B) Free fatty acids (C) Gums (D) Waxes Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: 1. (A) and (C) only. 2. (A), (B), (C) and (D). 3. (A) and (D) only. 4. (A), (C) and (D) only. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	crude 4.0	
Dbjective Qu	stion	4.0	1.

	List-I	List-II
(A)	Falling rate period	(I) Ratio of humidity with respect to humidity at saturation point
(B)	Absolute humidity	(II) Critical moisture content
(C)	Percent humidity	(III) Equilibrium moisture content
(D)	Constant rate period	(IV) Ratio of kg of water vapour in kg of dry air
Cho	bose the <i>correct</i> answer	from the options given below:
1.	(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C	
2.	(A) - (III), (B) - (IV),	
3.	(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C)) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4.	(A) - (III), (B) - (IV),	(C) - (I), (D) - (II)
A1:1		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
e Question		
	en one ton of grain with mount of water to be ev	25% (wb) moisture content is to be dried to 20% (wb), then aporated will be ?
1.	100 kg	
2.	150 kg	
3.	75 kg	
4.	125 kg	
A1:1		
A2:2		
A2:2 A3:3		

Objective Question

64 1964

4.0 1.00

10/1	23, 12.1011			
	Imp	portant functions of a septic tank includes -		
	(A)	Storage of sludge and scum		
	(B)	Removal of solids from the sewage		
	(C)	Decomposition of solid sewage under aerobic conditions		
	(D)	Decomposition of solid sewage under anerobic conditions		
	Che	bose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
	3.	(A), (C) and (D) only.		
	4.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Obje	ective Question			
65		the adiabatic drying process; if there is a decrease in the value of dry bulb perature, then -	4.0	1.00
	1.	The values of humity ratio, relative humity increases and water-vapour pressure decreases		
	2.	The values of humity ratio, relative humity decreases and water-vapour pressure increases		
	3.	The values of humity ratio, relative humity and water-vapour pressure increases		
	4.	The values of humity ratio, relative humity and water-vapour pressure decreases		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Obie	ective Question			
	1966		4.0	1.00

		Dest	oner is a form of separator that separates the -		
		(A)	Feed material into two fractions as per the difference in shape factor		
		(B)	Feed material into heavy particles from the lighter particles		
		(C)	Feed material into two fractions only as per the difference in specific gravity		
		(D)	Feed material into multiple fractions as per the difference in specific gravity		
		Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A) only.		
		2.	(B) and (C) only.		
		3.	(C) only.		
		4.	(B) and (D) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	ctive Que 1967	estion		4.0	1.00
07	1907		en a mass of grain having angle of internal friction of 30°C is stored in a bin; what be the Rankine's earth pressure coefficient?	4.0	1.00
		1.	1		
		2.	0.5		
		3.	0.33		
		4.	0.45		
		A1:1			
		AI.I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	ctive Que 1968	estion		4.0	1.00

10/2	3, 12:1	8 PM		179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html			
			below are son (R).	two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled			
		Asserti	on (A) :	Parboiled rice develops less rancidity than raw rice during storage.			
		Reason	(R):	Process of parboiling destructs some of natural antioxidants present in rice.			
		In light below.	t of the a	above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given			
		1. B	oth (A) a	nd (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).			
		2. B	oth (A) a	nd (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).			
		3. (4	. (A) is true but (R) is false.				
		4. (4	A) is false	but (R) is true.			
		A1:1					
		A2:2					
		A3:3					
		A4:4					
	ctive Que	estion					
69	1969			efrigerator working on reverse Carnot cycle (T2 – higher temperature, erature) is given by -	4.0	1.00	
		1. (1	[2-T1)/T1				
		2. (1	[2-T1)/T2	2			
		3. T	2/(T2-T1))			
		4. T	1/(T2-T1)				
		A1:1					
		A2:2					
		A3:3					
		A4:4					
Obje	ctive Que	estion					
70	1970				4.0	1.00	

/10/23, 12	2:18 PM		179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
	Which	among th	e following criteria is used for describing shape of an object?		
	(A) l	Roundness			
	(B) S	Sphericity			
	(C) (Charted sta	andards		
	(D) l	Resemblan	ace of geometric bodies		
	Choos	e the corre	ect answer from the options given below:		
	1. ((A) and (B) only.		
	2. ((A), (B) an	d (D) only.		
	3. ((A), (B) an	d (C) only.		
	4. ((A), (B), (C	C) and (D).		
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
Objective	Question				_
71 1971	Given	below are son (R) .	two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled	4.0 1	00
	Assert	tion (A) :	LSU dryer is considered as a continuous flow-mixing type of grain dryer.		
	Reaso	n (R) :	In LSU dryer, inverted V-shaped air channels are arranged in such a way that air is forced through the descending grain while moving from feed end to the discharge end.		
	In light below		above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given		
	1. 1	Both (A) a	nd (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
	2. 1	Both (A) a	nd (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).		
	3. ((A) is true	but (R) is false.		
	4. ((A) is false	but (R) is true.		
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				

	estion			
1972	The index	uniformity of grind of a powdered sample is indicated by which of the following x ?	4.0	1.00
	(A)	Fineness modulus		
	(B)	Bond's index		
	(C)	Work index		
	(D)	Uniformity index		
	Choo	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A) only.		
	2.	(D) only.		
	3.	(B) and (D) only.		
	4.	(A) and (C) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ective Qu	estion			
ective Que 1973	STATISTICS.	ch of the following statement(s) holds correct for a screw press?	4.0	1.0
	STATISTICS.	ch of the following statement(s) holds correct for a screw press? Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whic	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end	4.0	1.0
	Whic (A)	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whice (A) (B)	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whia (A) (B) (C) (D)	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whia (A) (B) (C) (D)	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whia (A) (B) (C) (D) Choo	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end.	4.0	1.0
	Whia (A) (B) (C) (D) Choo 1.	Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end. ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: (A) and (B) only.	4.0	1.0
	 Whice (A) (B) (C) (D) Choose 1. 2. 	 Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end. ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: (A) and (B) only. (A) and (C) only. 	4.0	1.0
	 Whice (A) (B) (C) (D) Choose 1. 2. 3. 	 Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end. ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: (A) and (B) only. (D) only. 	4.0	1.0
	Whia (A) (B) (C) (D) Choo 1. 2. 3. 4.	 Compression ratio is the ratio of the volume displaced per revolution at feed end to that at discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably less than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is considerably greater than at the discharge end. Volume displaced at feed end is equal to that at the discharge end. ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: (A) and (B) only. (D) only. 	4.0	1.00
0/23, 12:1	8 PM	179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
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	A4:4			
bjective Qu	estion			
4 1974	The	effective tension of a belt conveyor -	4.0	1.0
	1.	Reduces with decrease in belt speed		
	2.	Increases with increase in belt speed		
	3.	Doesn't depend on belt speed		
	4.	Reduces with increase in belt speed		
	ч.	Reduces with increase in beit speed		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A3.3			
	A4:4			
ojective Qu	estion			
5 1975	Cycl	one separator design is based on -	4.0	1.0
	(A)	High tangential velocity		
	(B)	Low radial velocity		
	(C)	Low tangential velocity		
	(D)	High radial velocity		
		ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A) and (C) only.		
	2.	(A) and (B) only.		
	3.	(A) and (D) only.		
	4.	(C) and (D) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	74.4			
ojective Qu	estion			1 -
6 1976			4.0	U.T

		Which among the following is a bag storage structure?		
		1. Bhukari		
		2. PUSA bin		
		3. Silo		
		4. CAP		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohio	ective Que	stion		
	1977	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	4.0	1.00
		Assertion (A): Thermal conductivity of a single grain is always greater than that of bulk grain.		
		Reason (R): Thermal conductivity of air is comparatively less than that of food grain.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
		2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).		
		3. (A) is true but (R) is false.		
		4. (A) is false but (R) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ective Que	estion		
78	1978		4.0	1.00

10/23, 12.1				
		t is the amount of heat to be removed from 2 tons of apples when cooled from 25°C C? Specific heat of apple is 0.1 kcal/kg°C.		
	1.	4000 kcal		
	2.	1000 kcal		
	3.	2000 kcal		
	4.	40,000 kcal		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective Qu	estion		4.0	1.00
79 1979	Frict	ional force of granular material is -	4.0	1.00
	(A)	Proportional to normal load		
	(B)	Independent of the area of the sliding surface		
	(C)	Proportional to actual area of contact		
	(D)	Dependent on nature of material in contact		
	Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A) and (C) only.		
	2.	(A), (B), (C) and (D).		
	3.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
	4.	(C) and (D) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective Qu	estion			
80 1980	Whi	ch of the following is related to international trade and promotion?	4.0	1.00
	1.	AGMARK		
	2.	APEDA		
	3.	PFA		
	4.	FSSAI		
				~ ~ ~

		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obje	ective Que	estion			
81	1981	Given below are as Reason (R).	two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled	4.0	1.00
		Assertion (A) :	Falling film evaporators are most suitable for food that become thicker with concentration.		
			a second s		

Reason (R) :	In falling film evaporator	food	film	move	downward	under	gravity
	instead of buoyancy force.						

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. (A) is true but (R) is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question 82 1982

	List-I		List-II
(A)	Deep bin	(I)	Pulse milling
(B)	Shallow bin	(II)	Janssen
(C)	Break roll	(III)	Rankine
(D)	CFTRI method	(IV)	Wheat milling

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV	1.	(A) -	(III),	(B) -	(II),	(C)	- (I),	(D) -	· (IV
--	----	-------	--------	-------	-------	-----	--------	-------	-------

- 2. (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (IV), (D) (I)
- 4. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question 83 1983

 Agricultural waste from which activated carbon can be manufactured include(s)
 4.0
 1.00

 (A) Rice husk
 1.00
 1.00

- (B) Groundnut shell
- (C) Oil cake
- (D) Mango stone

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) and (B) only.
- 2. (A), (B), (C) and (D).
- 3. (C) and (D) only.
- 4. (A), (B) and (D) only.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

e Question			
Give Give Give Give Give Give Give Give	ven below are Reason (R) .	e two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled	4.0
As	sertion (A) :	In a rubber roll sheller, paddy is sheared and compressed between two rollers so that its husk is stripped off.	
Re	ason (R) :	Rollers in a rubber roll sheller rotate in same direction at different speed to increase contact of one roll longer than the other roll.	
	light of the low.	above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given	
1.	Both (A) a	and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).	
2.	Both (A) a	and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).	
3.	(A) is true	but (R) is false.	
4.	(A) is false	e but (R) is true.	
A1::	1		
A2:2	2		
A3 : 3	3		
A4 : 4	4		
e Question	4		
e Question 35 Giv		e two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled	4.0
e Question 35 Giv as	ven below are Reason (R) .	e two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration.	4.0
e Question 35 Giv as As	ven below are Reason (R) .	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during	4.0
³⁵ Gi as As Re In	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : eason (R) :	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of	4.0
³⁵ Gi as As Re In	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : eason (R) : light of the low.	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of the produce.	4.0
2 Question 35 Giv as As Re In bel	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : eason (R) : light of the low. Both (A) a	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of the produce. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given	4.0
Question 35 Giv as As Re In bel 1.	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : ason (R) : light of the low. Both (A) a Both (A) a	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of the produce. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).	4.0
Question 35 Givas As Re In bel 1. 2.	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : rason (R) : light of the low. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of the produce. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).	4.0
P Question 35 Giv as As Re In bel 1. 2. 3.	ven below are Reason (R). sertion (A) : eason (R) : light of the low. Both (A) a Both (A) a (A) is true (A) is false	Process of blanching minimises discolouration of food during dehydration. Blanching cleans raw material and reduced surface bacterial load of the produce. above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). but (R) is false.	4.0

42/61

		н п	
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
ojective Qu 5 1986		4.0 1	1.0
	The diameter of largest inscribing circle of an object is observed to be 20 mm. W would be the sphericity of the object if diameter of smallest circumscribing circle i mm?		
	1. 0.6		
	2. 1.5		
	3. 1		
	4. 0.5		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
ojective Qu	Jestion		
7 1987	It is found that the energy required to reduce particle from a mean diameter of 10 m 5 mm is 1 kJ/kg. Using Rittinger's law, what is the energy requirement to reduce same from a diameter of 1 mm to 0.5 mm?		L.C
	1. 5 kJ/kg		
	2. 100 kJ/kg		
	3. 10 kJ/kg		
	4. 1 kJ/kg		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A2:2 A3:3		
piective Ou	A3:3 A4:4		
ojective Qu 3 1988	A3:3 A4:4	4.0 1	
	A3:3 A4:4	4.0 1	
	A3:3 A4:4	4.0 1	 L.(

90	1990			4.0	1.00
	ective Qu	estion		4.0	1.00
		A4:4			
		A3:3			
		A2:2			
		A1:1			
		4.	Freeze encapsulation		
		3.	Freezing		
		2.	Freeze drying		
		1.	Individual quick freezing (IQF)		
89	1989		ess of freezing food below eutectic temperature and converting solid ice crystals etly into vapour form is known as -	4.0	1.00
Obje	ective Qu	estion			
		A4:4			
		A3:3			
		A2:2			
		A1:1			
		4.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
		3.	(A) and (B) only.		
		2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
		1.	(A), (B), (C) and (D).		
			Permits changes in herd size without any difficulty ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		(C)	Animals are housed and milked in same building		
		(B)	Animals move about freely in a covered or partially covered yard		
		(A)	Milking parlour is separately constructed		
			se housing barn is one in which		
		T	a handa a hana la anala addah		

Pyrolysis of biomass at a relatively low temperature produces -

- 1. Mixture of combustible gases having low calorific value
- 2. Combustible gas and carbon char
- 3. Carbonaceous char
- 4. Liquid fuel of very high calorific value

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

	1991			4.0	1.0	
		Give	en below are two statements:			
		Stat	ement (I): Soil and water conservation consists of prevention and control of soil erosion caused due to water. It also includes conserving rain water and soil moisture for the purpose of crop production.			
		Statement (II): Soil erosion severely affects hilly areas because of steep slopes.				
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.				
		1.	Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.			
		2.	Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.			
		3. 4.	Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
	ective Que	estion				
2	1992			4.0	1.	

The major activities of the command area development are :

- (A) modernisation and efficient operation of irrigation systems as well as development of main drainage systems
- (B) construction of field channels
- (C) land shaping and levelling job are not required
- (D) construction of field drains

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- (A), (B) and (C) only. 1.
- 2. (B), (C) and (D) only.
- 3. (A), (B) and (D) only.
- 4. (A), (C) and (D) only.

Given below are two statements:

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question 93 1993

Statement (I): In the case of moderate rain at non uniform intensities, Φ -index will

Statement (II): These indices vary with initial soil moisture, changes in the depression storage and interception capacity of the area and amount of precipitation.

be somewhat higher than the W-index.

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

ective Que	estion				
1994	(A)	H-flumes are well suited for runoff measurement as they have a high capacity and are accurate at different rates of flow.	4.0	1.	
	(B)	They are also well suited where sediment sampling of the runoff is done using automatic silt samplers.			
	(C)	The H-flume is useful for flows ranging from 0.009 to 0.85 cumec.			
	(D)	For smaller and greater flows the dimensions of the H-flume are modified and are known as HS flumes for smaller flows and HL flumes for larger flows.			
	(E)	H-flumes need not require calibration and the rating tables are to be used for measuring discharges.			
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:				
	1.	(A), (B), (C) and (D) only.			
	2.	(B), (C), (D) and (E) only.			
	3.	(A), (B), (D) and (E) only			
	4.	(A), (C), (D) and (E) only.			
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				

Objective Question 95 1995

Match List-I with List-II

	List-I	List-II		
(A)	Venturimeter	(I)	end of pipe	
(B)	Pitot tube	(II)	inverted U-tube	
(C)	Orifice	(III)	flow coefficient 0.63 to 0.83	
(D)	Elbow meter	(IV)	discharge measurement	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1.
$$(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)$$

7/10/2	23, 12:1	8 PM		179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Obje	ective Qu	estion				
96	1996	Whi	ch instrumen	nt does not measure cumulative flow?	4.0	1.00
		1.	Propeller m			
		2.	Deathridge			
			-			
		3.	Water mete			
		4.	Venturimet	ter		
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		42.2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Obie	ective Qu	estion				
	1997	10.00	en below are	two statements:	4.0	1.00
				The gravitational potential is independent on the relative elevation and is dependent on chemical and pressure conditions of soil water.		
		Stat	ement (II) :	Osmotic potential can be defined as the amount of work that a unit quantity of water in an equilibrium soil water system is capable of doing when it moves to another equilibrium system identical in all respects except that there are no solutions		
			ght of the ab n below.	pove statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options		
		1.	Both States	ment (I) and Statement (II) are correct.		
		2.	Both State	ment (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.		
		3.	Statement	(I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.		
		4.	Statement	(I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.		
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
	11	II			II	48/6

	estion			
1998		ch parameter is not a soil moisture constant?	4.0	1.
	1.	saturation capacity		
	2.	field capacity		
	3.	permanent wilting percentage		
	4.	evapo-transpiration		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ective Qu	estion			
1999		ch statements are incorrect ?	4.0	1.
	(A)	In the field soil moisture content determined by the gravimetric method is used as the reference in calibrating the other soil moisture instruments.		
	(B)	Resistance blocks are useful for saline soils, since the resistance reading is not affected by salt concentration.		
	(C)	The principle of the neutron probe moisture meter is based on the measurement of the number of carbon nuclei that are present in a unit volume of soil.		
	(D)	Tensiometer satisfactorily measure the entire range of available moisture in all soil types.		
	(E)	In sprinkler irrigation the soil moisture measuring stations should be between the sprinkler heads and 3 to 4 m away from the lateral.		
	Choo	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
	3.	(C), (D) and (E) only.		
	4.	(A), (B) and (E) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			

4.0	1 00
4.0	T.00

objective Q	ucstion			
100 2000	(A)	The process of evaporation of water in nature is one of the fundamental components of the hydrological cycle.	4.0	1.00
	(B)	Transpiration is the process by which water vapour leaves the atmosphere and enters the plant body.		
	(C)	Potential evapo-transpiration is the evapo-transpiration from a large vegetation covered the land surface with adequate moisture at all times.		
	(D)	The soil and crop conditions in the lysimeters should be close to the natural conditions.		
	(E)	Soil moisture depletion method is usually employed to determine the consumptive use of unirrigated field crops.		
	Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (C) and (D) only.		
	2.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	3.	(C), (D) and (E) only		
	4.	(A), (D) and (E) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4 : 4			

Objective Question 101 2001

Match List-I with List-II

	List-I	List-II		
(A)	Hygroscopic water	(I)	no of hydrogen nuclei	
(B)	zapillary water	(II)	mean monthly temperature	
(C)	Neutron moisture meter	(III)	adsorption forces	
(D)	Blaney-Criddle	(IV)	surface tension	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

7/10/2	23, 12:18	3 PM	179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obie	ective Que	stion			
	2002	(A)	Majority of red soils are loams with values of pH ranging between 5.0 to 8.0	4.0	1.00
		(B)	Laterite soils which are generally acidic have an average pH range between 6.0 to 7.0		
		(C)	Red and yellow soils have a pH around neutrality or else slightly on the acidic side.		
		(D)	Desert soils have fairly high pH and varying amounts of calcium carbonate .		
		(E)	The alkali soils have a high pH which may range between 7.0 and 8.0		
		Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A), (C) and (D) only.		
		2.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
		3.	(C), (D), and (E) only		
		4.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obje	ective Que	stion			
	2003			4.0	1.00

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): Penman proposed an equation for evaporation from open water surface based on a combination of energy balance and sink strength.

Statement (II): For converting PET into ET, suitable crop coefficients should be evolved for different crops, soils and climatic conditions and also for different stages of growth for the same crop.

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): In small catchments the overland flow phase is predominant over the channel flow. Hence the land use and the intensity of rainfall have important role on the peak flood.

Statement (II): On large catchments the effects of land use and intensity of rainfall are suppressed as the channel flow phase is more predominant.

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

ojective Que	estion		4.6	4.61
)5 2005	The	limitations to the use of unit hydrographs are:	4.0	1.0
	(A)	Snow melt runoff cannot be satisfactorily represented by unit hydrograph.		
	(B)	The catchment should not have unusually large storages in terms of tanks, ponds, large flood bank storages, etc. which affect the linear relationship between storage and discharge.		
	(C)	If the precipitation is decidedly uniform, unit hydrographs can not be expected to give good results.		
	(D)	The rainfall intensity is assumed constant for the duration of the rainfall excess.		
	(E)	The duration of rainfall should be $1/6$ to $1/2$ of the basin lag.		
	Choo	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
	3.	(C), (D) and (E) only.		
	4.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ojective Que	estion			
06 2006	A 12	2-h unit hydrograph of a catchment is triangular in shape with a base width of 144h a peak discharge of 23 cumec. This unit hydrograph refers to a catchment area of	4.0	1.0
	1.	786km ²		
	2.	596km ²		

- 3. 900km²
- 4. 1200km²
- A1:1
- A2:2
- - A3:3
- A4:4

(A)	Floods are exceedingly complex natural events. they are resultant of a number of component parameters and are therefore very difficult to model them analytically.
(B)	In the regions having same climatological characteristics, if the available flood data are quite insufficient, the enveloping curve technique can be used to develop a relationship between the minimum flood flow and drainage area.
(C)	For design purposes, extreme rainfall situations are used to obtain the design storm.
(D)	The rational formula is found to be suitable for a peak flow prediction in small catchments upto 75 km^2 in an area.
(E)	The rational formula assumes a homogeneous catchment surface.
Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:
1.	(A), (C) and (E) only.
2.	(A), (B) and (C) only.
3.	(B), (C) and (D) only.
4.	(C), (D) and (E) only.
A1:1	
A2:2	
A3:3	
A4:4	

Objective Question							
108	2008	(83)					

Given	below	are two	statements	

4.0 1.00

Statement (I) :	Chute spillways carry the flow down the steep slopes through a lined
	channel rather than by dropping the water in a free overfall.

Statement (II): On steep slopes, chutes are more economical than series of drop structures to take the flow down the slope.

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3

Α4	٠	4	
 A4	•	4	

99 (A)	The plan in land slopes	nspection method of land levelling design is adapted for moderate to flat s.	4.0	1.00
(B)		e method of land levelling design consists of plotting the profiles of the and then laying the desired grade on the profiles.		
(C)		ur adjustment method of land levelling design consists of a trial and tment of the contour lines on a plan map.		
(D)		ur adjustment method is especially adapted to the smoothening of flat are to be irrigated.		
(E)	The plane i	method is rarely used for land levelling design.		
Cho	bose the corre	ect answer from the options given below:		
1.	(C), (D) an	d (E) only.		
2.	(B), (C) an	d (D) only.		
3.	(A), (B) an	nd (C) only.		
4.	(A), (B) an	d (E) only.		
A1:1				
A2:2				
A3:3				
A4:4				
Question	an halaw ara	two statements:	4.0	1.00
		Water storage efficiency becomes important when water supplies are limited or when excessive time is required to secure adequate		
		non-struction of motor into the soil		
		penetration of water into the soil.		
	tement (II) :	Water application efficiency decreases as the amount of water applied during each irrigation increases.		
Sta In 1		Water application efficiency decreases as the amount of water applied		
Sta In 1	ight of the ab en below.	Water application efficiency decreases as the amount of water applied during each irrigation increases.		
Sta In 1 give	ight of the ab en below. Both State	Water application efficiency decreases as the amount of water applied during each irrigation increases.		
Sta In 1 give 1.	ight of the ab en below. Both State Both State	Water application efficiency decreases as the amount of water applied during each irrigation increases. Solve statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options ement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.		

		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3 : 3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ctive Que	estion		
111	2011	Given below are two statements:	4.0	1.00
		Statement (I): Isotropic and homogeneous aquifers seldom occur in nature.		
		Statement (II): Water level measurements during pumping test are made in observation wells installed close to the well or at some distance away from it.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.		
		2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.		
		3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.		
		4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Dhie	ctive Que	estion		
	2012		4.0	1.00

- (A) In levelling, datum surface is an arbitrary surface with reference to which the elevations of the points are measured and compared.
- (B) The line of collimation or the line of sight is the line joining the intersection of the cross hairs to the optical centre of the object glass and its continuation.
- (C) A foresight is the first staff reading taken after setting up the instrument in any position.
- (D) The height of instrument is the elevation of the plane of collimation when the instrument is levelled.
- (E) A change point indicates the shifting of the instrument, both back sight and intermediate sight are taken on this change point.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (D) only.
- 2. (A), (B) and (C) only.
- 3. (C), (D) and (E) only.
- 4. (B), (C) and (D) only.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question
113 2013

Match List-I with List-II

List-I List-II Close contour lines (I) foot hill (A) (B) Wider contour lines (II) higher contour values outside (C) Depression (III) at right angles (D) Crossing of ridge lines (IV) top of hill

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

7.

7/10/23, 12: ⁻	18 PM	179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective Qu	uestion			
114 2014	Whie	ch points should be kept in mind while selecting the stations?	4.0	1.00
	(A)	The survey lines should be as few as possible.		
	(B)	If possible, a base line should be run roughly through the middle of the area on which the framework of triangles covering the major portions of area may be built up.		
	(C)	Offsets should be long particularly for locating the important features .		
	(D)	All the triangles should be well conditioned.		
	(E)	The main principle of surveying is to work from the part to the whole.		
	Choo	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
	3.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
	4.	(C), (D) and (E) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective Qu	uestion			
115 2015			4.0	1.00

10/23, 12:	18 PM	179_B1_Live_AGRI_ENGG_TECH_1-120.html		
	The	design of bench terraces consists in determining the		
	(A)	type of bench terraces		
	(B)	terrace spacing		
	(C)	terrace cross section		
	(D)	terrace length		
	(E)	terrace alignment		
	Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (C) only.		
	2.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
	3.	(C), (D) and (E) only.		
	4.	(A), (B) and (E) only.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective Q 116 2016			4.0	1.00
		ch land capability classes are suitable for pastures?		
	1.	class I and class II		
	2.	class II and class III		
	3.	class III and class IV		
	4.	class V and class VI		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	42.2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
) bjective Q	uestion			
.17 2017			4.0	1.00

	Orchard benched terraces has a width of about 1. 2m 2. 3m		
	2. 3m		
	3. 0.5m		
	4. 1m		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
jective Ques	tion		
.8 2018	A quantity of 100ml gypsum solution having 36 meq/l concentration as calcium, on reacting with 5gm of an alkali soil showed 32 meq/l of Ca+Mg concentration in the filtrate. Estimate the gypsum requirement in meq/100gm of soil.	4.0	1.0
	1. 6		
	2. 8		
	3. 12		
	4. 16		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
jective Ques	tion		
9 2019	Convert 1300 ppm sodium chloride salt concentration into meq/l	4.0	1.0
	1. 22.22		
	2. 20.22		
	3. 18.75		
	4. 23.25		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		

A4:4

Objective Qu 120 2020		4.0	1 00	
120 2020	Given below are two statements:			
	Statement (I): The axis of the bubble tube should be perpendicular to the vertical axis in dumpy level.			
	Statement (II): The line of collimation of the telescope of the dumpy level should be perpendicular to the axis of the bubble tube.			
	In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.			
	1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.			
	2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.			
	3. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.			
	4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.			
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			